# NTSE - NOVEMBER, 2017 (stage-1 - AP)

TIME: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 200

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

Read the following instructions carefully before you answer the questions. Answers are to be SHADED on a SEPARATE OMR Answer Sheet given, with HB Pencil. Read the Instructions printed on the OMR Sheet carefully before answering the question.

- 1. Please write your Center Code Number and Roll Number very clearly (only one digit in one block) on the OMR Sheet as given in your admission card. Please see that no block is left unfilled and even zeros appearing in the Center Code Number are correctly transferred to the appropriate blocks on the OMR Sheet as shown in the example given in the OMR Sheet. For all the subsequent purpose your Center Code Number and Roll Number shall remain the same as given on the Admission Card.
- 2. The Test is in THREE PARTS. Part I (Mental Ability) consists of 50 Questions (Q. Nos. 1 to 50), Part-II (Language Comprehensive Test) consists of 50 Questions (Q. Nos. 51 to 100) and Part- III (Aptitude Test) consists of 100 questions (Q. Nos. 101 to 200).
- 3. All questions carry one mark each.
- 4. Since all questions are compulsory do not try to read through the whole question paper before beginning to answer it.
- 5. Begin with the first question and keep trying one question after another till you finish all three parts
- 6. If you do not know the answer to any question, do not spend much time on it and pass on to next one. If time permits, you can come back to the questions which you have left in the first instance and try them again.
- 7. Since the time allotted to the question paper is very limited, you should make the best use of it by not spending too much time on any question.
- 8. A black page is provided for rough work at the end of each part.
- 9. REMEMBER YOU HAVE TO SHADE ANSWERS ON A SEPARATE OMR SHEET PROVIDED.
- 10. Answer to each question is to be indicated by SHADING the circle having the number of the correct alternative in OMR Sheet from among the ones given for the corresponding question in the booklet.
- 11. Now turn to the next page and start answering the questions.
- 12. After the examination, you should hand over the OMR Sheet to the Invigilator of the room.
- 13. The candidate need not return this Question Paper booklet and can take it after completion of the examination. No candidate should leave the examination hall before the end of the examination.

# Mental Ability and Scholastic Aptitutde Test

Name of the Candid	ate :	
Registration No.	:	Date :
School Name	:	

# PART-I MENTAL ABILITY TEST (Q. Nos. 1 to 50) Max. Marks - 50

Note:

SHADE the correct alternatives in the OMR Answer Sheet provided, from amongst the ones given against the corresponding question in the Question Booklet. For shading the circles, use HB Pencil.

**Directions:** (Q 1 to 5): In the number series given below, one number is missing. Each series is followed by five alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). One of them is the right answer. Identify and indicate it as per the "instructions".

1. 13, 74, 290, 650, ..... (3) 1346 (2) 1470 (1) 1248(4) 1452 (5) 1625 2. 1, 11, 35, 79, ..... (1)81(2)93(3) 149(4) 124 (5) 1363. 1, 5, 15, 34, .... (1)50(2)48(3) 37(4)65(5)724. 3, 13, 31, 57, .... (3)88(1)65(2)72(4)94(5)915. 2, 35, 104, 209, .... (1) 350(2)248(3)256(4)311(5)413

(Questions 6 to 10): In each of the following questions, a letter series is given, in which some letters are missing. The missing letters are given in the proper sequence as one of the alternative. Find the correct alternative

A BBC AAB CCA BBCC 6. (1) BACB (2) ABBA (3) CABA (4) AABC (5) ACBA 7.  $BC_B_C_B_CCB$ (1) BBCB (2) CBBC (3) CBCB (4) BCBC (5) CCBB 8. C BBB ABBBB ABBB (1) BACBB (2) AABCB (3) ABACB (4) ABCCB (5) ABBCC 9. C\_BCCD\_CCDB\_CDBCC\_BC (1) DBCD (2) DBDD (3) BDAA (4) BDCD (5) DCBD 10. BA\_B\_AAB\_A\_B (1) AABB (2) BABB (3) BAAB (4) ABBA (5) ABAA

**Directions:** (Questions 11 to 15): Questions have become wrong due to wrong order of signs. Choose the correct order of signs from the five alternatives given under each question, so that the equations becomes right. Write it in your answer sheet against the corresponding question number.

- 11.  $6+3=4\times22$ 
  - (1) x + =
- (2) + -x
- (3) = x -
- (4) +-=
- (5) + x -

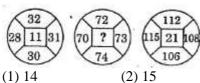
- 12.  $12 \div 3 = 4 \times 11$ 
  - $(1) + \div =$
- (2) x +=
- (3) +-=
- $(4) \times = -$
- $(5) \div = x$

- $16 \times 4 \div 3 = 7$ 13.
  - $(1) \div x =$
- $(2) \div =$
- (3) +=-
- (4) +-=
- $(5) \div +=$

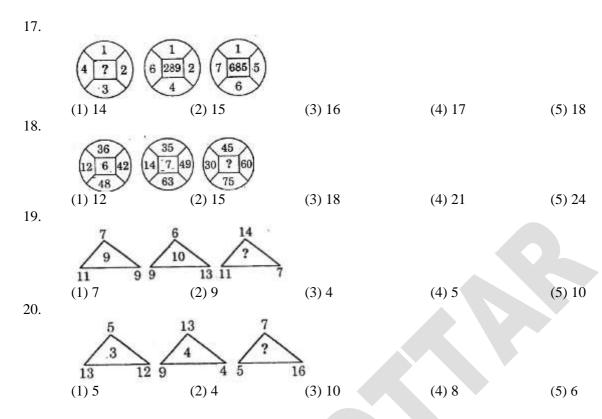
- $7 \div 3 = 8 13$ 14.
  - $(1) \div +=$
- $(2) \times -=$
- $(3) \div = +$
- (5) -x =

- $15 3 \times 4 = 9$ 15.
  - (1) + x =
- $(2) \times =$
- (3) +-=
- $(4) \div + =$
- $(5) + \div =$

**Directions (Questions 16 to 20):** In these questions, numbers are placed in the figures on the basis of some rules. One place is vacant which is indicated as "?". Find out the correct alternatives to replace the question mark "?". 16.



- (3) 16
- (4) 17
- (5)18



**Directions (questions 21 to 25):** Some letters are given in column I and some digits are given in column II. Each digit of column II represents only letter of column II represent any letter of column I. Study the columns and write the alternative letter after choosing the correct alternative against the corresponding question.

corresp	oname question.				
	Column-I	Column-II			
	ABLM	24538			
	QRLBA	93526			
	PTQAB	52601			
	LRNPQ	93716			
	ATRNP	29071			
	MSPTQ	84106			
	QPNAR	16729			
	RABLS	29583			
	TSLBA	80325			
	PLQST	31860			
21.	The code for M is.				
	(1) 0	(2) 8	(3) 1	(4) 6	(5) 4
22.	The code for N is	•••			
	(1) 9	(2) 6	(3) 1	(4) 7	(5) 2
23.	The code for A is	••			
	(1) 9	(2) 5	(3) 2	(4) 8	(5) 3
24.	The code for S is				
	(1) 3	(2) 2	(3) 5	(4) 0	(5) 8
25.	The code of P is				
	(1) 3	(2) 8	(3) 0	(4) 1	(5) 6

**Directions(Questions 26 to 30):** There are six person in a family A, B, C, D, E and F.

- (i) C is the sister of F.
- (ii) A is the brother of the husband of E
- (iii) D is the father of A and D is the grand father of F
- (iv) There are two fathers, three brothers and a mother in the family.

On the basis of above details, choose the correct alternatives.

- What is the relationship between E and F? 26.
  - (1) Daughter
- (2) Son
- (3) Husband
- (4) Grandson
- (5) Father-in-

law

28.

- 27. What is the mother?
  - (1)E
  - (2) DHow many male members are there in this family?
- (3) C
- (4) B
- (5) A

- (1) One
- (2) Two
- (3) Three
- (4) Four
- (5) Five

- 29. Who is the husband of E?
  - (1) F
- (2) D
- (3) B
- (4) C
- (5) A

- 30. How many persons are there in the category of brothers?
  - (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3)4
- (4) 2
- (5)3

Directions(Questions 31 to 35): There are four terms in each question. The term right to symbol :: have some relationship as the term of the left to symbol :: and out of the four, one term is missing, which is among one of the given five alternatives. Find the correct alternatives.

- 31. KMF: LLH:: RMS:...?....
  - (1) TVT
- (2) SUS
- (3) SLR
- (4) SSU
- (5) SLU

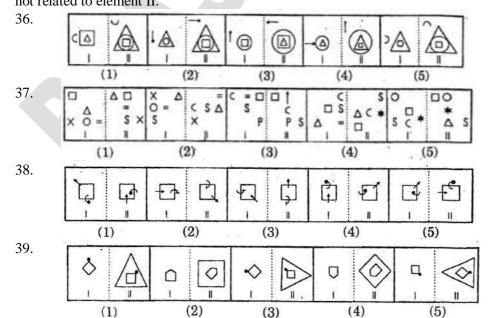
- 32. GFH: EGG:: ....?...:FSS
  - (1) GHF
- (2) HRT
- (3) HGF
- (4) HFG
- (5) GEF

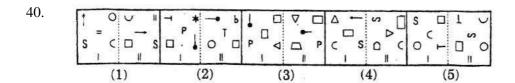
- UVST: WTUR::....?...: RILO 33.
  - (1) PKJQ
- (2) TSUV
- (3) UVTS
- (4) TSVU
- (5) SRUT

- 34. Newspaper: Editor:: Film: ....? .... (2) Producer
  - (1) Actor
- (3) Director
- (4) Musician
- (5) Audience

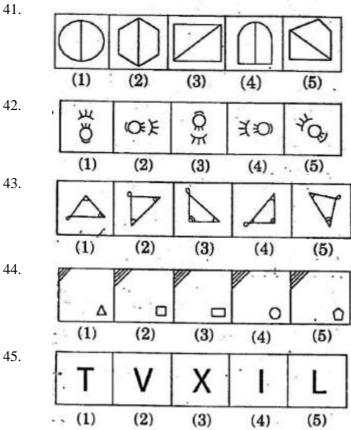
- 35. Smoke: Pollution: War:......
  - (1) Victory
- (2) Death
- (3) Army
- (4) Enemy
- (5) Treaty

**Directions(Questions 36 to 40):** In each of the following questions, in four out of the five figures of element I is related to element II in some particular way. Find out the figure in which the element is not related to element II.



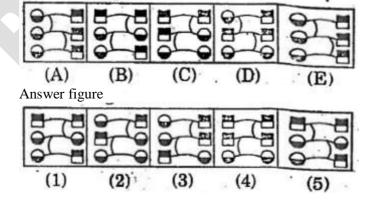


**Directions(Questions 41 to 45):** out of the five figure (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) given in each problem, four are similar in a certain way. Choose the figure which is different from the other figures.

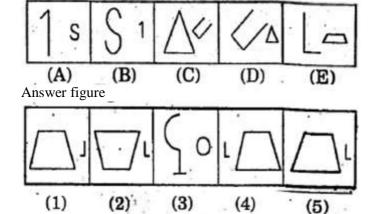


**Directions(Questions 46 to 50):** Each of the following questions consists of the five figures marked a, B, C, D and E called the problem figures followed by five alternatives marked 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 called the answer figures. Select a figure which will continue the same series established by the five problem figures.

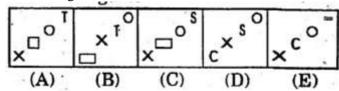
46. Problem figure



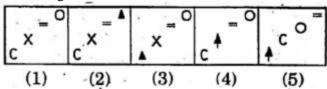
#### 47. Problem figure



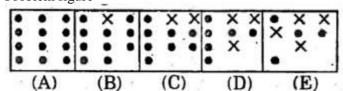
#### 48. Problem figure



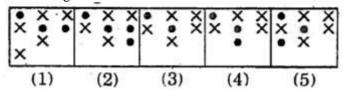
Answer figure



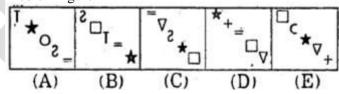
### 49. Problem figure



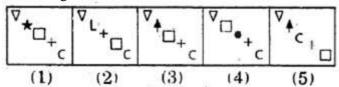
Answer figure



50. Problem figure



Answer figure



# PART-II LANGUAGE COMPREHENSIVE TEST (Q. Nos. 51 to 100) Max. Marks - 50

#### Note:

- i) SHADE the correct alternatives in the OMR Answer Sheet provided, from amongst the ones given against the corresponding question in the Question Booklet. For shading the circles, use HB Pencil.
- ii) Q. No. 51 to 100 of Language Comprehensive Test contains English Language along with a blank sheet for rough work.

**Direction (Questions 51 to 55):** Read the following passage and answer the questions given after it.

Nationalism, of course, is a curious phenomenon which at a certain stage in a country's history gives life, growth and unity but at the same time, it has a tendency to limit one because one thinks of one's country as something different from the rest of the world. One's perceptive changes and one is continuously thinking of one's own struggles and virtues and failing to the exclusion of their thoughts. The result is that the same nationalism, which is the symbol of growth for people, becomes a symbol of cessation of that growth in mind. Nationalism, when it becomes successful, sometimes goes on spreading in an aggressive way and becomes a danger internationally. Whatever line of through you follow, you arrive at the conclusion that some kind of balance must be found. Otherwise something good can turn into evil. Culture, which is essentially good, become not only static but aggressive and something that breeds conflict and hatred, when looked at from a wrong point of view. How will you find a balance, I don't know. Apart from the political and economic problems of the age, perhaps, that is the greatest problem today because behind it, there is tremendous search for something, which cannot be found. We turn to economic theories because they have an undoubted importance. It is folly to talk of culture or even of god, when human beings starve and die. Before one can talk about anything else, one must provide the normal essentials of life to human beings. That is where economics comes in. Human beings today are not in mood to tolerate this suffering and starvation and inequality, when they see that the burden is not equally shared. Others profit, while they only bear the burden.

- 51. Negative national feeling can make a nation..
  - (1) selfish
- (2) self centred
- (3) indifferent
- (4) dangerous
- 52. The greatest problem in the middle of the passage refers to the question....
  - (1) how to mitigate hardship to human beings.
  - (2) how to share the economic burden equally.
  - (3) how to contain the dangers of aggressive nationalism.
  - (4) how to curb international hatred
- 53. Aggressive nationalism ...
  - (1) endagers national unity.
  - (2) leads to stunted growth
  - (3) breeds threat to international relations.
  - (4) isolates a country.

- 54. 'Others' in the last sentence refer to ......
  - (1) other neighbours
  - (2) other nations
  - (3) other people
  - (4) other communities
- 55. Suitable title for this passage is ...
  - (1) Nationalism and national problems
  - (3) Nationalism breeds unity

- (2) Nationalism is not enough
- (4) Nationalism, a road to world unity.

**Directions(Question 56 to 60):**Read the following passage and answer the questions given after it. Nehru was a many sided personality. He enjoyed reading and writing books, as much as he enjoyed fighting political and social evils or residing tyranny. In him, the scientist and the humanist were held in perfect balance. While he kept looking at special problems from a scientific standpoint, he never forgot that we should nourish the total man. As a scientist, he refused to believe in a benevolent power interested in men's affairs. But as a self proclaimed non-believer, he loved affirming his faith in life and the beauty of nature. Children he adored. Unlike, Wordsworth he did not see them as trailing clouds of glory from the recent sojourn in heaven. He saw them as a blossoms of promise and renewal, the only hope for mankind.

- 56. Nehru through that children...
  - (1) were trailing clouds of glory.
  - (2) held promise for a better future.
  - (3) were like flowers to be loved and admired
  - (4) held no hope for mankind
- 57. Nehru enjoyed ...
  - (1) reading and writing books
  - (2) fighting with benevolent power
  - (3) respecting tyranny
  - (4) resisting believers as he is a self proclaimed non believer.
- 58. Which of the statements reflects Nehru's point of view?
  - (1) Humanism is more important than science.
  - (2) Science is supreme and humanism is subordinate to it
  - (3) Science and humanism are equally important.
  - (4) There is no ground between humanism and science.
- 59. In this passage, "a benevolent power interested in men's affairs" means...
  - (1) beauty of nature.

- (2) a supernatural power of god.
- (3) the spirit of science (4) the total man
- 60. A many sided personality means...
  - (1) a complex person having varied interests.
  - (2) a secretive person
  - (3) a person having varied interests
  - (4) a capable person

**Direction (Questions 61 to 65):** Read the following passage and answer the questions given after it. The casual horrors and real disasters are thrown on a newspaper reader without discrimination. In the contemporary arrangements for circulating the news, an important element, evaluation is always weak and often wanting entirely. There is no point anywhere along the line somewhere someone puts his foot down for certain and says, "This is important and that does not amount to row of beans; deserves no ones attention and should travel the wires no farther". The junk is dressed up to look as meaningful as the real news.

- 61. Evaluation of news would imply....
  - (1) less dependence on modern systems of communication.
  - (2) More careful analysis of each news story and its value.
  - (3) separating beans from junk.
  - (4) discriminating horrors from disasters.

- 62. The writer of the above passage...
  - (1) Seems to be happy with the contemporary arrangements for circulating news.
  - (2) is shocked by the casual stories about horrors and disasters reported in the newspaper.
  - (3) wants better evaluation of news before publication.
  - (4) wants to put his foot down on news stories.
- 63. In the above passage, the phrase "amounts to a row of beans means that the news .....
  - (1) is weak and often waning entirely.
  - (2) deserves no one attention
  - (3) should travel the wires
  - (4) is junk, dressed up as real news.
- 64. Newspapers lack a sense of discrimination because ...
  - (1) they do not separate the real news from mere sensationalism.
  - (2) they have to accept whatever is received on the wires.
  - (3) limited man power makes serious evolution impossible.
  - (4) people don't see the difference between 'junk' and 'real' news.
- 65. The passage implies that ....
  - (1) there has to be censorship on newspapers.
  - (2) there is no point in having censorship
  - (3) newspapers always dress up junk to look real
  - (4) one has to be strict in selecting news items.

**Direction (Questions 66 to 71):** In the following passage, there are some numbered blanks. Fill in the blanks by selecting the most appropriate word for each blank.

Recent discoveries show that Indians of early days <u>66</u> to have been highly civilized in many ways. They had massive public buildings and comfortable dwelling houses \_67\_ mostly by brick. They had <u>68</u> arrangements <u>69</u> good sanitation and an elaborate drainage system. They knew how to write 70 their language which has not yet been 71 was not alphabetic but syllabic like the Sumerian language.

66.	(1) intend	(2) appear	(3) behave	(4) decided
67.	(1) designed	(2) formulated	(3) built	(4) construct
68.	(1) ignored	(2) made	(3) started	(4) less
69.	(1) inspite	(2) by	(3) from	(4) for
70.	(1) but	(2) because	(3) while	(4) since
71.	(1) talked	(2) written	(3) deciphered	(4) formed

Direction (Questions 72 and 73): The following sentences are from a paragraph. The first and the last

sentence	es / parts are given. Choose the order in which the four sentences / parts (PQRS) should appear
to comp	lete the paragraph.
72.	$S_1$ : The dictionary is the best friend of your task.

S<sub>2</sub> - ..... S<sub>3</sub> - ..... S<sub>4</sub> - ..... **S**<sub>5</sub> - .....

 $S_6$ : Soon you will realize that this is an exciting task.

- P: That may not be possible always.
- Q: It is wise to look it up immediately.
- R: Then it must be firmly written on the memory and traced at the first opportunity.
- S: Never allow a strange word to pass unchallenged.

Choose the correct sequence from the options given below.

(1) PQRS (2) QRPS (3) SQPR (4) SPRQ

73.	$S_1$ : Calcutta, unli	ke other cities, kept its tra	ams.	
	S <sub>2</sub>			
	S <sub>3</sub>			
	$S_6$ : The foundation	on stone was laid in 1972.		
		e was horrendous congest be the first in south Asia.	ion.	
		the centre of the road		
		ity decided to build an un		
		sequence from the given		(A) GODD
	(1) PRSQ	(2) RPSQ	(3) PSQR	(4) SQRP
	ction: (Questions 7 rectly spelt word.	<b>4 to 77):</b> for each of the	following groups of fou	r words, find the
74.	(1) Imperative	(2) ilicit	(3) imminent	(4) immature
75.	(1) logical	(2) ludicrucous	(3) lonesome	(4) laughter
76.	(1) periphery	(2) advertise	(3) courteous	(4) indefinite
77.	(1) dismiss	(2) dispel	(3) disservice	(4) describe
	alternatives.	<b>3 to 85):</b> Select the most your children, they w		
	(3) the more / the m	nost (4) the most / the m	ost	
79.	My laddus weren't	a disaster I'd though	t they would be, but they	didn't taste very good
	(1) such /as	(2) so / that	(3) as / as	(4) more / than
80.		re in the exam comes dow	vn to your lack of studyi	ng.
	Uzma: I know. I ne			
	<ul><li>(1) prepared thorou</li><li>(2) thoroughly mor</li></ul>			
	(3) thorough prepar			
	(4) prepared more t			
81.		o work as a secret age	nt must first undergo	a background
	(1) tiny	(2) handy	(3) stingy	(4) stringent
82.		gize after the argument?		
	B: No, but she do			
0.0	(1) had better	(2) would rather	(3) better had to	(4) should rather
83.	•	rk hard, your endeavors v	•	(4) 1
0.1	(1) for	(2) to	(3) with	(4) by
84.		over spilled milk.	(3) to samua	(A) to boil
85.	(1) to cry Grain is commonly	(2) to save used as for animals	(3) to serve	(4) to boil
ου.	a) Commodity	(2) fodder	. (3) implements	(4) fumigation

86. At close quarters (1) close examinations. (2) live near to each other. (3) live far to each other. (4) in love  87. an apple of discord (1) cause of wealth (3) cause of happiness (4) cause of illness.  88. At large (1) very famous (2) not famous (3) abscond (4) very far  89. take the bull by horns (1) face a difficulty or danger confidently. (2) run away from a difficulty or danger (3) face a difficulty or danger boldly (4) pull the bull's horns  90. buckle down	Direct phrase.		<b>90):</b> Choose the one wh	ich best expresses the me	eaning of the given
87. an apple of discord (1) cause of wealth (3) cause of happiness (4) cause of illness.  88. At large (1) very famous (2) not famous (3) abscond (4) very far  89. take the bull by horns (1) face a difficulty or danger confidently. (2) run away from a difficulty or danger (3) face a difficulty or danger boldly (4) pull the bull's horns  90. buckle down	•	At close quarters (1) close examinations. (2) live near to each oth (3) live far to each other	her.		
(3) cause of happiness  88. At large (1) very famous (2) not famous (3) abscond (4) very far  89. take the bull by horns (1) face a difficulty or danger confidently. (2) run away from a difficulty or danger (3) face a difficulty or danger boldly (4) pull the bull's horns  90. buckle down	87.	an apple of discord		(0)	
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(1) very famous (2) not famous (3) abscond (4) very far take the bull by horns (1) face a difficulty or danger confidently. (2) run away from a difficulty or danger (3) face a difficulty or danger boldly (4) pull the bull's horns 90. buckle down	00			(4) cause of illness.	
89. take the bull by horns (1) face a difficulty or danger confidently. (2) run away from a difficulty or danger (3) face a difficulty or danger boldly (4) pull the bull's horns 90. buckle down	88.	_	(2) not formans	(2) absound	(A) yeary for
(1) face a difficulty or danger confidently. (2) run away from a difficulty or danger (3) face a difficulty or danger boldly (4) pull the bull's horns  90. buckle down	80	• •	(2) not famous	(3) auscond	(4) very rai
(2) run away from a difficulty or danger (3) face a difficulty or danger boldly (4) pull the bull's horns 90. buckle down	09.	•	danger confidently		
(3) face a difficulty or danger boldly (4) pull the bull's horns 90. buckle down					
(4) pull the bull's horns 90. buckle down					
90. buckle down		•	-		
	90.				
(1) work seriously (2) take it easy		(1) work seriously		(2) take it easy	
(3) drop a subject (4) go for a vacation		(3) drop a subject		(4) go for a vacation	
<b>Direction (Questions 91 to 95):</b> Select word which means the same as the given words.		=	<b>95):</b> Select word which	means the same as the g	iven words.
91. abandon	91.		(2)		(1) 0 1
(1) try (2) join (3) keep with (4) forsake	0.2		(2) join	(3) keep with	(4) forsake
92. detest	92.		(2) ( 1 ( ) ( ) ( )	(2) 1 .	(4)
(1) love (2) to hate intensely (3) neglect (4) to support	02		(2) to nate intensely	(3) neglect	(4) to support
93. tentative (1) prevalent (2) portable (3) wry (4) provisional	93.		(2) portable	(3) xxex	(1) provisional
94. Obscure (2) portable (3) wry (4) provisional	9/1	· · ·	(2) portable	(3) WIY	(4) provisionar
(1) block (2) vague (3) obstruct (4) vague	<i>)</i> τ.		(2) vague	(3) obstruct	(4) vague
95. Specific	95.	. ,	(2) vagae	(3) 003H uct	(4) vague
(1) proper (2) uncommon (3) noteworthy (4) precise.	,,,	-	(2) uncommon	(3) noteworthy	(4) precise.
		· / I · I		•	· / 1
Direction (Questions 96 to 100): Select the word which means the opposite of the given word	Direct	ion (Questions 96 to	100): Select the word w	hich means the opposite	of the given word.
96. open minded	96.	•			
			(2) prejudiced	(3) shrewd	(4) unpretentious
97. dependable	97.	•			
(1) judgemental (2) patient (3) fickle (4) cautious		, , , ,	(2) patient	(3) fickle	(4) cautious
98. impertinent	98.	•	· (a)		
(1) healthy (2) respectful (3) inadequate (4) smooth	00	-	(2) respectful	(3) inadequate	(4) smooth
99. extravagance	99.		(2)	(2)	74X 1
(1) luxury (2) poverty (3) economical (4) cheapness	100		(2) poverty	(3) economical	(4) cheapness
100. obscure (1) implicit (2) obnoxious (3) explicit (4) pedantic	100.		(2) obnoxious	(3) explicit	(4) nedantic

# PART- III APTITUDE TEST (Q. Nos. 101 to 200)

#### Max. Marks - 100

#### Note:

i. Subjects, Questions S1.No. and Marks allotted:

1.	Physics	101 to 113 Questions	13 Marks
2.	Chemistry	114 to 126 Questions	13 Marks
3.	Biology	127 to 140 Questions	14 Marks
4.	Mathematics	141 to 160 Questions	20 Marks
.5.	History	161 to 172 Questions	12 Marks
6.	Geography	173 to 184 Questions	12 Marks
7.	Political Science	185 to 192 Questions	08 Marks
8.	Economics	193 to 200 Questions	08 Marks

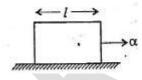
ii. **SHADE** the circle having the correct alternative in the OMR Sheet provided, from among the ones given against the corresponding question in the Question Paper Booklet. For shading the circles, use **HB Pencil**.

#### **PHYSICS**

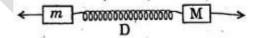
- 101. A car starts moving along a line, first with an acceleration  $a = 5ms^{-2}$  starting from rest, then uniformly and finally decelerating at the same rate, comes to rest in the total time of 25 seconds (t<sub>1</sub>), then average velocity during the time is equal to v = 72kmph. How long does the particle move uniformly?
  - 1) 25 seconds
- 2) 2.5 hours
- 3) 1.5 hours
- 4) 15 second
- 102. A uniform rod of length L and density  $\rho$  is being pulled

along a smooth floor with horizontal acceleration  $\alpha$  as shown in the figure. The magnitude of the stress at the transverse cross section through the mid-point of the rod is

- $1)\frac{\rho \, l\alpha}{4}$
- 2) 4**\rho** l\alpha3) 2**\rho** l\alpha4)
- <u>ρ Ια</u> 2



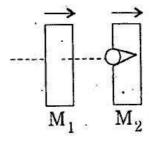
- 103. An object is placed at a distance of 10 cm from the curved surface of a glass hemisphere of radius 10cm. Find the position of the image from the flat surface.
  - 1) 26.67 cm
- 2) 2.67 cm
- 3) 2 cm
- 4) 19.67 cm
- 104. A dynamometer D (a force meter) is attached to two masses M=10~kg and m=1kg. forces F=2kgf and f=1kgf are applied to the masses. Find out in which of the cases gives maximum reading.
  - A) F is applied to M and f to m
  - B) F is applied to m and F to M
  - C) If M = m = 5kg (ignore m, M values in the problem)
  - D) If M is doubled to m. (Ignore m, M values in the problem)
  - 1)A
- 2)B
- 3)C
- 4)D



105. A 20 g bullet pierces through a plate of mass  $M_1 = 1 \text{kg}$  and then comes to rest inside a second plate of mass  $M_2 = 2.98$  kg as shown in the figure. It is found that the two plates initially at rest and now move with equal velocities. Find the percentage loss in the initial velocity of the bullet when it is between  $M_1$  and  $M_2$ . (Neglect any loss of material of the plates due to the action of bullet)



- 2) 25%
- 3) 50%
- 4) 72.5%

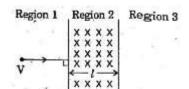


106. A U-tube of uniform cross section is partially filled with a liquid L. Another liquid  $L_1$  which does not mix with liquid L is poured into one side. It is found that the liquid levels of two sides of the tube are the same. While level of liquid L has risen by 2 cm. If the specific gravity of liquid L is 1.1, the specific gravity of liquid  $L_1$  must be



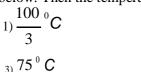
- 1) 1.1
- 2) 1.3
- 3) 1.001
- 4) 1.0
- 107. The road way bridge over a canal is in the form of an arc of a circle of radius 20m. What is the maximum speed with which a car can cross the bridge without leaving the ground at the highest point.
  - 1)  $10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- 2)  $12 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- 3) 14  $ms^{-1}$
- 4)  $16 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

108. A particle of mass M and charge q moving with velocity v enters region-2 normal to the boundary as shown in the figure. Region-2 has uniform magnetic field B perpendicular to the plane of the paper. The length of the region-2 is *l*. choose the correct choice.



- 1) the particle enters region-3 only, if its velocity v > q/B/m
- 2) the particle enters region-3 only, if its velocity v < qlB/m
- 3) path length of the particle in region-2 is maximum when velocity v = qlB/m
- 4) time spend in region-2 is same for any velocity v as long as the particle return to region-1
- 109.  $6\Omega$  and  $12\Omega$  resistors are connected in parallel. This combination is connected to series with a 10V battery and  $6\Omega$  resistor. What is the potential difference between the terminals of the  $12\Omega$  resistor?

110. Three rods of same dimensions have thermal conductivity 3K, 2K and K. They are arranged as show in the figure below. Then the temperature of the junction in steady state is



$$2)\frac{200}{3}$$
 °C



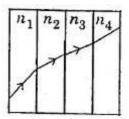
111. A ray of light passes through a transparent media with refractive index n<sub>1</sub>, n<sub>2</sub>, n<sub>3</sub>, n<sub>4</sub> as shown in the figure. The surface of all the medias are parallel. If the emergent ray CD is parallel to the incident ray AB, we must have



2) 
$$n_2 = n_3$$

3) 
$$n_3 = n_4$$

4) 
$$n_4 = n_1$$



112. The velocity of sound in hydrogen at 0<sup>0</sup>C is 1248 m/s. What will be velocity of sound in mixture of two parts by volume of hydrogen to one part of oxygen? (oxygen 16 is times heavier than hydrogen nearly)



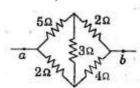
113. Calculate the equivalent resistance between a and b of the following network of conductors.



$$2)5\Omega$$

$$3)3\Omega$$

$$4) 2\Omega$$



#### **CHEMISTRY**

114. Some rocket engines use a mixture of hydrazine, N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> and hydrogen peroxide, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> as the propellant. The reaction is given by the following equation

$$N_{2}H_{4(I)} + 2H_{2}O_{2(I)} \rightarrow N_{2(g)} + 4H_{2}O_{(g)}$$

How much of the excess reactant, remains unchanged? When 0.750 mol of  $N_2H_4$  is mixed with 17g of  $H_2O_2$ ?

- a) 16 g of N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>
- b) 0.25 mol H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- c) 0.25 mol N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>
- d) 8.5 g H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

115. Which one of the following combinations is false?

Solution type

Particle size

- 1) Colloidal solution
- $10^{-5}$  to  $10^{-7}$  cm
- 2) True solution
- $10^{-7}$  to  $10^{-8}$  cm
- 3) Suspension
- $10^{-9}$  to  $10^{-12}$  cm
- 4) All are correct combinations
- 116. Which of the following is not an oxidation reaction?
  - 1) bleaching of coloured objects using moist chlorine
  - 2) rancidity of fats
  - 3) thermite process involving the reaction of Iron (III) oxide (or) chromium (III) oxide, etc, with Aluminium
  - 4) the poling process involving the removal of impurities from a molten metal
- 117. The gaseous hydrogen acetylene, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> used in welder's torches, releases 1300 KJ, when 1 mole of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> undergoes combustion, then which of the following is not true?
  - 1) combustion of acetylene is an exothermic reaction
  - 2) the balanced chemical reaction of combustion of acetylene is  $C_2 H_2 + 5O_2 \rightarrow 2CO_2 + H_2O$
  - 3) 2 moles of water produced when 2 moles of acetylene reacts
  - 4) 44 g of CO<sub>2</sub> produced, when 13 g of acetylene reacts
- 118. Following are the representative wave lengths in the infra-red, ultra violet and X-ray regions of the electromagnetic spectrum  $1.0 \times 10^{-6} m$ ,  $1.0 \times 10^{-8} m$  and  $1.0 \times 10^{-10} m$ . Which of the following statements is false?
  - 1) the corresponding frequencies of X-ray, UV and IR are in the ratio of 10<sup>4</sup>:10<sup>2</sup>:1
  - 2) the corresponding energies of X-ray, UV and IR are in the ratio of  $1:10^{-2}:10^{-4}$
  - 3) the corresponding velocities of X-ray, UV and IR are in the ratio of  $1:10^2:10^4$
  - 4) X-rays, UV and IR waves are electromagnetic waves. These are transverse waves
- 119. An atom has 2K, 8L and 5M electrons. Choose the correct statement(s) regarding it. A) Trivalent anion of this atom will have 12 protons in its nucleus
  - B) Trivalent cation of this atom will have six p-electrons in it
  - C) This atom form an amphoteric oxide of formula X<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
  - D) one of its allotrope is tetra atomic  $(X_4)$
  - 1) A and B
- 2) B only
- 3) B and C
- 4) B and D
- 120. Chlorine (Cl) and Oxygen form four different binary compounds. Analysis gives the following results:

Compound Mass of O combined with 1.0 g Cl

A 0.226 g
B 0.903 g
C 1.354 g
D 1.579 g

Compound A has a formula that is some multiple of Cl<sub>2</sub>O, then which of the following is incorrectly said?

- 1) compound B is Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (or Cl<sub>4</sub>O<sub>10</sub> or Cl<sub>6</sub>O<sub>15</sub>, and so forth)
- 2) compound C is Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>(or) ClO<sub>3</sub>, or Cl<sub>3</sub>O<sub>9</sub> and so forth)
- 3) compound D is Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (or a multiple thereof)
- 4) the above data show that the law of multiple proportions holds for these compounds

121. The reusable booster rockets of the U.S space shuttle uses a mixture of aluminium and ammonium perchlorate for fuel. A possible equation for this reaction is

$$3AI_{(s)}^{+3} + 3NH_4CIO_{4(s)}^{-} \rightarrow AI_2O_{3(s)}^{-} + AICI_{3(s)}^{-} + 3NO_{(g)}^{-} + 6H_2O_{(g)}^{-}$$

What mass of NH<sub>4</sub>ClO<sub>4</sub> should be used in the fuel mixture for every kilogram of Al?

- 1) 3 kg
- 2) 3.388 kg
- 3) 4.351 kg
- 4) 4 kg
- 122. All of the following processes involve a separation of either a mixture into its components, or a compound into elements. For each, decide whether a physical process or a chemical reaction is required
  - a) sodium metal is obtained from the substance sodium chloride
  - b) iron fillings are separated from sand by using a magnet
  - c) sugar crystals are separated from sugar syrup by evaporation of water
  - d) fine crystals of silver chloride are separated from a suspension of the crystals in water
  - e) copper is produced when zinc metal is placed in a solution of copper (II) sulphate, a compound

Physical processes Chemical processes

- 1) a, b, c d, e 2) a, d b, c, e 3) b, c, d a, e 4) e a, b, c, d
- 123. What mass of oxygen is combined with 9.02 g of sulphur in
  - a) sulphur dioxide, SO<sub>2</sub> and
  - b) sulphur trioxide, SO<sub>3</sub>?
  - 1) 23.5 g O in SO<sub>2</sub> and 19.02 g O in SO<sub>3</sub>
  - 2) 19.02 g O in SO<sub>2</sub> and 23.5 g O in SO<sub>3</sub>
  - 3) 9.02 g O in SO<sub>2</sub> and 13.5 g O in SO<sub>3</sub>
  - 4) 9.02 g O in SO<sub>3</sub> and 13.5 g O in SO<sub>2</sub>
- 124. On an hypothetical planet the major solvent is liquid ammonia, not water. Ammonia auto ionizes much like water  $(2NH_3 NH_4^+ + NH_2^-)$

If instead of water, ammonia is used as a solvent, the acid base neutralization reaction for the formation of NaCl is

- 1) NaNH<sub>4</sub> + NH<sub>2</sub>  $CI \rightarrow NaCI + 2NH_3$
- 2) NaNH  $_2$  + NH  $_4$  Cl  $\rightarrow$  NaCl + 2NH  $_3$
- 3) NaNH + NH CI → NaCI + 2NH
- 4)  $NaNH_{4} + NH_{4} CI \rightarrow NaCI + 2 NH_{4}^{+}$
- 125. The purity of a substance can be gauged by the following, except
  - 1) its melting point
- 2) its boiling point
- 3) chromatography 4) physical appearance
- 126. You are presented with three bottles A, B, C each containing a different liquid. Bottles are labelled as follows:

Bottle A: ionic compound – boiling point 30<sup>0</sup>C

Bottle B: molecular compound – boiling point 29.2°C

Bottle C: molecular compound – boiling point

67.1<sup>o</sup>C Choose the correct statement

- 1) the compound most likely to be incorrectly identified is bottle A
- 2) the substance in bottle B has strongest intermolecular attractions
- 3) the substance in bottle C is highly volatile
- 4) a pure aqueous solution of compound in bottle B is a good conductor of electricity among the three

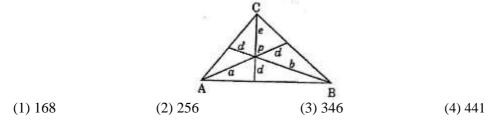
# **BIOLOGY**

127.	Minamata disease is due	e to		
	1) MIC gas	2) Methyl mercury	3) Lead nitrate	4) Cobalt chloride
128.	The region in brain port	ion that controls hunger:	is	
	1) Medulla	2) Diencephalon	3) Cerebrum	4) Mid brain
129.	What will happen, if the	sperm containing 'X' cl	nromosomes fertili	zes the Ovum?
	1) Female child born	_	3) cannot guess	4) none
130.	Which is not correct?		,	
	1) embryology – Aristot	ele	2) Taxonomy – C	Carolus Linnaeus
	3) Paleohntology – Leon		4) Cytology – Rol	
131.		hod for birth control in m		
	1) Hysterectomy	2)Dialysis	U	4) Vasectomy
132.	, ,	nused due to the deficience	,	
	1) Biotin	2) Calciferol	3) Cyanocobalan	nine 4) Ascorbic acid
133.	Match the item in colun		-, - <b>,</b>	
	Part I	Part II		
	a) Ribisomes	i) suicidal bags		
	b) Mitochondria	ii) control functions of	cell	
	c) Nucleus	iii) protein synthesis		
	d) Lysosomes	iv) power house of the	cell	
	1) $a - iii$ , $b - iv$ , $c - ii$ , d		2) $a - iii$ , $b - iv$ , $a - iv$	c - i, $d - ii$
	3) $a - iii$ , $b - i$ , $c - ii$ , $d - i$		4) $a - i$ , $b - iii$ , $c$	
134.	The salinity of sea water			•
	1) 2.5%	2) 3.5%	3) 4.5%	4) 5.5%
135.	Who discovered blood of	*		,
	1) William Harvey	•	3) Marcello Malp	oighi 4) Robert Brown
136.	•	tion, which is not correc		,
	1) Carnivores at the top			
	_	gh at the top of the Pyrar	nid	
	3) Producers at the top of			
	4) 2 and 3			
137.	World conservation stra	tegy was proposed by IC	CN in	
	1) 1948	2) 1980	3) 1990	4) 1993
138.	Choose the incorrect pa	ir		
	1) Ovary – Estrogen		2) Adrenal – Adr	enalin
	3) Pituitary – Thyroxine		4) Testis – Testos	sterone
139.		lectric shock when it goe		
	avoid going there. This	is because of	_	
	1) Imitation	2) Conditioning	3) Instinct	4) Imprinting
140.	The tongue of a person	is exposed to a high salty	taste, then	
	1) the person learns to ta	aste salty things better		
	2) loves tasting salty thi	ngs		
	3) hates tasting salty thi	ngs		
	4) fails to taste a less sa	lty thing just after the exp	posure	

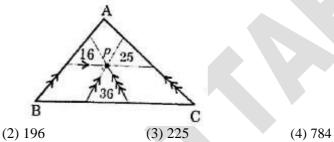
# **MATHEMATICS**

141.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	three digit number, the	remainders are equal,
	then the remainder is		(2) 274	(4) 112
1.40	(1) 86	(2) 97	(3) 374	(4) 113
142.	_	nders 1, 3, 5, 7 respective	divided by 3, 5, 7, 9 leav	es the remainders 1, 5,
	(1) 9763	(2) 9673	(3) 9367	(4) 9969
143.	· '	* *	f e f g h is the mean of e	` '
143.	digit number is	illuci. One nundreddii o i	i e i g ii is the mean of e	i and g ii, then the rour
	(1) 3648	(2) 4950	(3) 4590	(4) 4590
144.		* *	then the value of $x + y$	` '
144.				
1 45	(1) 5 or -6	(2) 3 or 4	(3) 5 or 3	(4) 6  or  -3
145.			7, then the value of $x +$	
	(1) 8	(2) 5	(3) 7	(4) 6
146	If $x = \frac{1}{1}$ ,	$(x \neq 2)$ , then the value of	f <b>X</b> is	
1 101		(11, 2), mon one varue of	74 15 111	
	$2 - \frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{2 - x}}$			
	$\frac{2-\sqrt{2-x}}{2-x}$			
	(1) 1	(2) 3	(3) 2	(4) 5
147.	X <sub>1</sub> . X <sub>2</sub> . X <sub>3</sub> are in A	A.P. If $X_1 + X_7 + X_{10}$	$= -6 \text{ and } x_3 + x_8 + x_8$	62 = ?
	(1)-21	(2)-15	(3)-18	(4)–31
	• •			(1) 31
148.	If $\frac{2+5+8+n \text{ ter}}{7+11+15}$	$\frac{1118}{25} = \frac{23}{25}$ , then n value	e is	
	$7 + 11 + 15 + \dots n$ te			
	(1)17	(2) 15	(3) 18	(4) 23
149.			of a triangle are $(1, 1)$ , $(2, 1)$	(2, -3) and $(3, 4)$ ,
	then the centroid of the	triangle is		2
	(1) 3, <del></del>	(2) 1, $\frac{2}{-}$	$_{(3)}(3,1)$	(4) 2, $-\frac{2}{3}$
	(1) 3, -3	3		3
			2	
150.	If two vertices of an equilateral trian	ngle be $(0, 0)$ and $2$ ,	3	then the third vertex is
	( -		•	<i>(</i> <b>–</b>
	(1) (1, 3/3)	$(2)(0,2\sqrt{3})$	$(3)(3,\sqrt{3})$	$(4)(1,\sqrt{3})$
151.		,	l into six smaller triangle	es by lines drawn from
131.	the vertices through a	common interior point.	The areas of four of 6 tria	ingles are as ideicated.
	then the area of ABC	_		8
		4		
		81		
		/ 3r	5	
		40   30	<del></del>	
	(1) 238	(2) 464	(3) 315	(4) 412
152.			m is the midpoint of AC	
194.		B + BC = 30, then the a	-	anu
	•		•	2
	(1) $108 \text{ cm}^2$	(2) $248 \text{ cm}^2$	(3) $316 \text{ cm}^2$	(4) $156 \text{ cm}^2$

153. Let p be an interior point of ABC and extend lines from the vertices through p to the opposite sides. Let a, b, c and d divides the lengths of the segments indicated in the figure. Find the product of abc, if a + b + c = 43 and d = 3.



154. As shown in the figure in ABC, p is an interior point. Through the point p, three lines are drawn parallel to three sides as shown in the figure. If the areas of smaller triangles are 16, 25 and 36 square units respectively, then the area of ABC in square units is .....



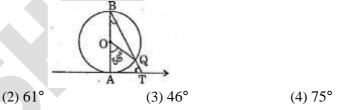
155. In an equilateral triangle ABC, the side BC is trisected at D, then  $9 AD^2$  is ......

(1)324

 $(1) 52^{\circ}$ 

(1) 
$$7 AB^2$$
 (2)  $8BC^2$  (3)  $4AC^2$  (4)  $\frac{3}{2} AB^2$ 

In the given figure, AB is the diameter of a circle with O and AT is a tangent. If  $\angle AOQ = 58^{\circ}$ , then the value of  $\angle ATQ$  is .........



157. The radii of two cylinders are in the ratio 2 : 3 and their heights are in the ratio 5:3, then the ratio of their volumes is ....

(1)15:16 (2)14:17 (3)20:27 (4)4:9

158. If the area of three adjacent faces of a cuboid are x, y and z respectively, then the volume of a cuboid is....

(1)  $\sqrt{xyz}$  (2) x + y + z (3)  $x^2 yz$  (4) xy + z159. If  $\tan \theta + \cot \theta = 2$ , then the value of  $\tan^2 \theta + \cot^2 \theta$  is ....

(1) 4 (2) 2 (3)
$$\frac{3}{2}$$
 (4) 5

160. A bag contains 15 balls of which *x* are black and remaining are red. If the number of red balls are increased by 5, the probability of drawing the red ball is ....

## **HISTORY**

161.		-	-	as a gift. It is awarded by		
	providence to people who in their hearts have the courage to conquer it, the strength to preserve it and the industry to put it to the plough." Whose ideology is this?					
	(1) Benito Mussolini	(2) Adolf Hilter	(3) Ho Chi Minh	(4) Stalin		
162.	According to the censu	s of 1921, 12 to 13 million	on people perished as	a result of		
	(1) Fist World War	(2) Epidemics	(3) Famines	(4) All the above		
163.	Find out the wrong stat	ement about Giuseppe M	lazzini?			
	(1) He was a member of	of the secret society of the	e Carbonari.			
	(2) He believed "The C	God had intended nations	to be the natural units	s of mankind.		
	(3) He was the founder	of young Europe				
	(4) None of the above					
164.	Who wrote the book "7	The History of the loss of	`Vietnam''?			
	(1) Phan Boi Chau		(2) Ho Chi Minh			
	(3) Huynh Phu So		(4) Phan Chu Trinh			
165.	Compulsory Elementar	y Education Act was ma	de in England in the y	/ear		
	(1) 1829	(2) 1849	(3) 1860	(4) 1870		
166.	Who developed the cor	ncept of "The principle of	f the Garden City"?			
	(1) Andrew Means	(2) Henry Mayhew	(3) Ebenezer Howar	d (4) Haussman		
167.	Who wrote "Ninety fiv	e Theses" criticizing man	ny of the practices and	d rituals of the Roman		
	Catholic Church?					
	(1) Martin Luther	(2) Thomas Pain	(3) J.V. Schley	(4) Richard M. Hoe		
168.	Kashi baba, a Kanpur r to show the links between		blished "Chhote Aur	Bade Ka Sawal" in 1938		
	(1) Caste and Class exp	oloitation.	(2) Caste and Religi	on relation		
	(3) Income and Untouc	hability	(4) Industrialists and			
169.	9. "Only a decade ago, they were as illiterate, helpess and hungry as our own masses, who could be more astonished then an unfortunate Indian like myself to see how they had removed the mountains of ignorance and helplessness in these few years." Name the Indian, who quoted this Russian revolution?					
	(1) M N Roy		(2) Rabindranath Ta	gore		
	(3) Mahatama Gandhi		(4) Jawaharlal Nehr			
170.	1 1	ement related to Franklir	* *			
	Find out the wrong statement related to Franklin Roosevelt. (1) Announced New Deal Policy to eradicate economic depression.					
	(2) Introduced the much needed Social Security system.					
	(3) President of America during Second World War.					
	(4) None of the above.					
171.		nt was introduced by the	British in the			
	(1) Madras Presidency					
	(3) Central Presidency		(4) Assam Presidence	cy		
172.	The famous Quit Indian	n resolution was passed o	on	•		
	(1) August 18, 1942	•	(2) April 4, 1942			
	(3) April 14, 1942		(4) August 8, 1942			
		GEOGRAF	PHY			
173.	Sikkim, West Bengal, A	ssam and Arunachal Prade	esh have common fron	tiers with		
	(1) China	(2) Bhutan	(3) Bangladesh	(4) Mayanmar		
174.	Which of these is not a			-		
	(1) Dhaula Dhar	(2) Pirpanjal Range	(3) Kailash Range	(4) Mahabharat Range		

- The Himalayas is divided into four major Geological sections. Choose among the 175. following which is not one of them.
  - (1) Nepal Himalayas Between Kali and Teesta.
  - (2) Mahabharat Himalayas Between Indus and Gilgit.
  - (3) Kumaon Himalayas Between Sutlej and Teesta
  - (4) Assam Himalayas Between Teesta and Dihang.
- 176. Match list A with B and Select the correct answer using the codes given below the list

List – A	List – B
a) Hyderabad is warmer than Mumbai	(i) Altitude
b) Snowfall in Himalayas.	(ii) Mango showers.
c) North western plain gets rainfall in winter	(iii) Distance from sea
d) rainfall in summer	(iv) Western depression

	a	b	c	d
(1)	iii	ii	iv	i
(2)	ii	I	iii	iv
(3)	ii	I	iv	ii
(4)	iv	ii	I	iii

- 177. Which one of the following bio-reserves of India is not included in the world network of bioreserve?
  - (1) Sunderbhan
- (2) Gulf of Mannar
- (3) Nanda Devi
- (4) Silent Valley
- 178. Highest Annual Growth Rate in India was recorded in these decades

  - (1) 1981, 1971, 1991 (2) 1991, 2001, 1971 (3) 1971, 2001, 1991 (4) 1961, 1971, 1981
- 179. Which of these is not related to Conservation of Resources?
  - (1) The club of Rome advocated resources conservation for the first time in a more systematic way in 1968.
  - (2) Brundtland Commission Report, 1987 introduced the concept of "Sustainable Development".
  - (3) E.F Schumacher is the author of the book "Small is Beautiful".
  - (4) Earth Summit was held in New York in 1997.
- With reference to Indian agriculture, which of the following statements is not correct 180.
  - (1) India is the largest producer as well as the consumer of pulses in the world.
  - (2) India is the second largest producer of rice in the world after China
  - (3) Tea is an important beverage crop introduced in India initially by the Persians.
  - (4) groundnut is a kharif crop and accounts for about half of the major oil seeds produced in the country.
- In which of these following industries, limestone is not used? 181.
  - (1) Cement industry.

(2) Iron and Steel industry.

(3) Oil refinery industry.

(4) None of the above.

182. Find the wrongly matched.

(1) Ferrous mineral Iron ore (2) Non-ferrous mineral Mica (3) Non-Metallic mineral Limestone (4) Fuel minerals Coal

Identify the non-fibre crop? 183.

(1) Hemp

(2) Cotton

(3) Natrual Silk

(4) Rubber

- The south-east Trade winds are attracted towards the Indian sub-continent in the month 184. of June due to ...
  - (1) the effect of the westerlies
  - (2) the effect of Somaliya current.
  - (3) the presence of low atmospheric pressure over North-west India.
  - (4) None of the above

#### **POLITICAL SCIENCE**

- 185. Consider the following two statements on power sharing and select the answer using the codes given below.
  - (a) Power sharing is good for democracy
  - (b) It helps to reduce the possibility of conflicts between social groups.

Which of these statements are true and false?

- (1) Both a and b are true (2) Both a and b are false
- (3) a is true but b is false

(4) a is false but b is true

186. Match the following countries and the path democracy ahs taken in that country

Country	Path to Democracy
a) Nepal	(i) End of One party Rule
b) Chile	(ii) King agreed to give up his powers
c) Ghana	(iii) End o fMilitary Dictatorship
d) Poland	(iv) Freedom from British Colonial Rule

#### Codes:

	a	b	c	d
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)

- 187. Consider the following statements about pressure groups and parties
  - a) Pressure groups are the organized expression of the interests and views of specific social sections.
  - b) Pressure groups take positions on political issues
  - c) All pressure groups are political parties.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

(1) a, b, and c

(2) a and b

(3) b and c

(4) a and c

188. Match the ministry with the news that the ministry may have released

A	В	
a) A new policy is being made to increase the	(i) Ministry of Defence	
jute exports from the country.		
b) Telephone services will be made more	(ii) Ministry of Health	
accessible to rural areas		
c) The price of rice and wheat sold under the	(iii) Ministry of Commerce and Industry.	
public distribution system will got down.		
d) A pulse polio campaign will be launched	(iv) Ministry of Commerce and Industry.	
e) The allowances of the soldiers posted on	v) Ministry of Communications and	
high altitudes will be increased.	Information technology.	

#### Codes:

	a	b	c	d	e
(1)	i	iii	ii	iv	v
(2)	iv	V	iii	ii	i
(3)	iii	V	ii	I	iv
(4)	ii	V	iii	iv	i

- 189. Find out the right which is not under the Indian Constitution?
  - (1) Freedom of Speech and Expression.
  - (2) Move freely through the Country
  - (3) Practice any profession
  - (4) None of the above

190. Find out the wrong statement about National Human Rights Commission. (1) This is an independent Commission established by law in 1993 (2) Present Chairman for National Human Rights Commission is Justice Jeevan Reddy (3) Like National Human Rights Commission, there are State Human Rights Commissions in 14 states of the country. (4) There is no fee or any formal procedure to approach the National Human rights commission. 191. Find out the subject which is under concurrent list? (1) Police (2) Communication (3) Marriages and Divorce (4) None of the above 192. A struggle known as "Bolivia's water war" took place in ...... city. (1) Cochabamba (2) Lapaz (3) Trinidad (4) Montero **ECONOMICS** 193. Consider the following statements. (i) Equitable allocation of resources. (ii) Generation of employment. (iii) Tax concession to big corporates (iv) Universalization of public distribution. Which of the factors given above can bring inclusive growth in our country? (1) (i), (ii), (iii) (2) (i), (ii), (iv) (3) (i), (iii), (iv) (4) (ii), (iii), (iv) Which of the following is wrong related to Antyodaya Anna Yojana? 194. (1) Antyodaya Anna Yojana was launched in December 2000. (2) 2 crore families have been covered under the antvodaya Anna Yojana (3) Wheat is supplied at the rate of Rs.6 and rice at the rate of Rs. 7 under this scheme. (4) None of the above 195. Find out the correct one related to under employment (2) They work in a lazy manner. (1) They do not want to work (3) They work less than what they are capable of doing (4) They are not paid for their work 196. Find out the wrong one about Secondary sector. (1) Secondary sector is also called as industrial sector (2) Manufacturing of bricks and sugar come under secondary sector (3) The share of secondary sector is more in current GDP is India (4) None of the above 197. Which among the following is money function? (1) Medium of exchange (2) Unit of account (3) Store of value (4) All the above 198. Consider the following statements about Globalisation. a) The most common route for investment by MNC's in countries around the world is to buy existing local companies. b) Investment made by Multinational companies is called foreign investment. c) Cargill Foods, an American company purchased and Indian company called Parakh Foods. d) Ford Motors is one of the biggest German Automobile manufacturer. Which of the given statements are True? (1) a, c, d (2), a, b, c (3) b, c, d (4) a, b, c, d 199. In which year, did the Bengal Famine occur, which was responsible for the death of 30 lakh people in Bengal Province? (1) 1933(2) 1943(3) 1953(4) 1963200. Find out the wrong one related to Annapurna Scheme (APS) (1) Introduced in the year 2000. (2) A scheme meant for indigent senior citizens. (3) 10 kg of food grains are supplied freely under the scheme

(4) none of the above.